**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended December 31, 2020

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 Douglas County, Colorado

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### **Other Matters**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sincerely,

Wipfli LLP

Wipfli LLP Lakewood, Colorado

August 16, 2021

#### BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

	C	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	173,260	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 173,260	\$ -	\$ 173,260
Cash and investments - restricted		180	4,195,048	2,945,351	7,140,579	-	7,140,579
Receivable - County Treasurer		2,823	14,114	-	16,937	-	16,937
Property taxes receivable		400,731	2,003,692	-	2,404,423	-	2,404,423
Due from District #1			 -	 302,380	302,380		302,380
Total Assets	\$	576,994	\$ 6,212,854	\$ 3,247,731	\$10,037,579	<u> </u>	10,037,579
LIABILITIES							
Payable to District No. 1	\$	176,263	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 176,263	-	176,263
Accrued interest		-	-	-	-	1,544,202	1,544,202
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year		-	-	-	-	190,000	190,000
Due in more than one year			 -	 -		30,363,097	30,363,097
Total Liabilities		176,263		 -	176,263	32,097,299	32,273,562
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5						
Deferred property taxes		400,731	 2,003,692	 -	2,404,423		2,404,423
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		400,731	 2,003,692	 	2,404,423		2,404,423
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Emergencies		180			180	(180)	
Debt service		-	4,209,162		4,209,162	(4,209,162)	-
Capital projects		-	-	3,247,731	3,247,731	(3,247,731)	-
Unassigned		(180)	-	-	(180)	180	-
Total Fund Balances		-	 4,209,162	 3,247,731	7,456,893	(7,456,893)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	576,994	\$ 6,212,854	\$ 3,247,731	\$10,037,579		
Net Position: Restricted for:							
Emergencies						180	180
Debt service						2,664,960	2,664,960
Capital projects						3,247,731	3,247,731
Unrestricted						(30,553,277)	(30,553,277)
Total Net Position						<u>\$ (24,640,406)</u>	<u>\$ (24,640,406)</u>

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>	Adjustments	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES						
Treasurer's fees	\$ 5,481	\$ 27,406	\$ -	\$ 32,887	\$ -	\$ 32,887
Trustee/paying agent fees	-	5,500	-	5,500	-	5,500
Bond interest expense	-	1,670,335	-	1,670,335	43,240	1,713,575
Bond principal	-	10,000	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Transfer to District No. 1	583,886			583,886		583,886
Total Expenditures	589,367	1,713,241		2,302,608	33,240	2,335,848
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property taxes	365,040	1,825,231	-	2,190,271	-	2,190,271
Specific ownership taxes	31,487	157,440	-	188,927	-	188,927
System development fees	-	-	6,921	6,921	-	6,921
Interest income	26,176	29,834		56,010		56,010
Total General Revenues	422,703	2,012,505	6,921	2,442,129		2,442,129
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(166,664)	299,264	6,921	139,521	(139,521)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					106,281	106,281
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	166,664	3,909,898	3,240,810	7,317,372	(32,064,059)	(24,746,687)
END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 4,209,162	\$ 3,247,731	\$ 7,456,893	\$ (32,097,299)	\$ (24,640,406)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

					I	Variance
	(	Original	Final		F	avorable
		Budget	Budget	Actual	<u>(Un</u>	favorable)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	365,039	\$ 365,039	\$ 365,040	\$	1
Specific ownership taxes		35,406	35,406	31,487		(3,919)
Interest income		30,000	 82,891	 26,176		(56,715)
Total Revenues		430,445	 483,336	 422,703		(60,633)
EXPENDITURES						
Treasurer's fees		5,476	5,476	5,481		(5)
Transfer to District No. 1		550,789	644,336	583,886		60,450
Emergency reserve		188	 188	 		188
Total Expenditures		556,453	 650,000	 589,367		60,633
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(126,008)	(166,664)	(166,664)		-
FUND BALANCE:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		126,008	 166,664	 166,664		_
END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$	_

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Note 1: <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District"), located in Douglas County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

#### Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized in November 2005 as a quasi-municipal organization established under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to issue debt and collect tax revenues to pay off debt and to fund the construction, operations and maintenance of the public services and facilities of the District in coordination with Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District No. 1") pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement between the Districts. The District was organized concurrently with District No. 1 and is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provides guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is paid.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

#### **Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

During 2021, the District amended its total appropriations in the General Fund from \$556,453 to \$650,000 primarily due to expectations of higher transfers to District No. 1, and in the Debt Service Fund from \$1,392,028 to \$1,900,000 primarily due to unanticipated revenue that was available for payment of the Series 2016B Bonds.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2020, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is deferred property taxes. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated. No depreciation expense was recognized during 2020.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Original Issue Premium

The original issue premium from the Series 2016 Bonds is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Accumulated amortization of the original issue premium amounted to \$139,747 at December 31, 2020.

#### Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$180 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$4,209,162 is restricted for the payment of future debt service costs.

The restricted fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund in the amount of \$2,945,351 is restricted for the payment of costs in accordance with the Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement (see Note 5).

#### Committed Fund Balance

The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Assigned fund balance includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District's Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Unassigned Fund Balance

Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund, all other funds can report negative amounts.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

#### Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District can report three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

#### Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments</u>

As of December 31, 2020, investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Investments	\$ 173,260
Investments – Restricted	<u>7,140,579</u>
Total	\$ <u>7,313,839</u>

Investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Investments – COLOTRUST	\$ <u>7,313,839</u>
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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Investments Investment Valuation

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. This investment's value is calculated using the net asset value method ("NAV") per share.

# Credit Risk

The District's investment policy requires that the District follow state statutes for investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investment:

# COLOTRUST

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. COLOTRUST offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government Designated custodian banks provide safekeeping and depository services to agencies. COLOTRUST. Substantially all securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. The custodians' internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. At December 31, 2020, the District had \$7,313,839 invested in COLOTRUST.

#### Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District's investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Note 3: Long-Term Debt

# <u>\$25,500,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds</u>, Series 2016A and \$4,500,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016B

On June 2, 2016, the District issued \$25,500,000 of Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016A ("Series 2016A Bonds"), and \$4,500,000 of Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016B ("Series 2016B Bonds"). The Series 2016A Bonds were issued for the purpose of financing public improvements, paying the Capitalized Interest on the 2016A Bonds, funding the Senior Reserve Fund, and paying the costs of issuance of the Bonds. The Series 2016B Bonds were issued to finance additional public improvements and to pay costs of issuance of the Bonds. The Series 2016A Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.5% to 5.5% and mature on December 1, 2046. The Series 2016A Bonds will be secured by a required maximum mill levy of 50.00 mills, the portion of specific ownership taxes attributable to the property taxes used for debt service, and a Reserve Fund.

The Series 2016B Bonds bear interest at 7.625% and mature on December 15, 2046. The Subordinate Series 2016B Bonds are cash flow bonds with annual payments anticipated to be made on December 15. Unpaid interest compounds annually on December 15 at the rate of 7.625%. Payments toward interest and principal can be made provided the Series 2016A Bonds are current and the Reserve Fund and Surplus Funds for the Series 2016A Bonds are full. The District is required to impose the minimum required mill levy of 50.00 mills until the Subordinate Series 2016B Bonds are fully paid or discharged on December 15, 2056; however, only revenues resulting from the number of mills equal to 50.00 mills less the Senior Required Mill Levy are pledged to payment of the Subordinate Series 2016B Bonds.

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the year ending December 31, 2020:

	Balance 1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020	Current Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2016A GO Bonds	\$ 25,500,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 25,490,000	\$ 190,000
Series 2016B Subordinate Bonds	4,500,000			4,500,000	
	30,000,000	-	10,000	29,990,000	190,000
Bond Premium - Series 2016A Bonds	593,605		30,508	563,097	
Total	\$ 30,593,605	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 40,508	\$ 30,553,097	\$ 190,000

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements on the 2016A Bonds.

	 Principal	 Interest	erest Tota	
2021	\$ 190,000	\$ 1,352,200	\$	1,542,200
2022	315,000	1,343,650		1,658,650
2023	345,000	1,329,475		1,674,475
2024	390,000	1,313,950		1,703,950
2025	410,000	1,296,400		1,706,400
2026-2030	2,675,000	6,167,450		8,842,450
2031-2035	3,840,000	5,423,100		9,263,100
2036-2040	5,555,000	4,196,500		9,751,500
2041-2045	7,790,000	2,436,225		10,226,225
2046	 3,980,000	 218,900		4,198,900
	\$ 25,490,000	\$ 25,077,850	\$	50,567,850

Because of the uncertainty of the timing of payments under the subordinate Series 2016B Bonds, a schedule of principal and interest payments is not presented.

#### Debt Authorization

First Amendment to Service Plan for Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1 and Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2

On March 22, 2016, the District approved the First Amendment to Service Plan for Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1 and Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 for the purpose of increasing the debt limit issuance in an amount not to exceed \$33,000,000.

As of December 31, 2020, the District had remaining voted debt authorization of approximately \$317,000,000. The District has not budgeted to issue new debt during 2021. Per the District's Service Plan, the District combined with District No. 1 can not issue debt in excess of \$33,000,000 (See Note 5).

#### Note 4: <u>Related Party</u>

One member of the Board of Directors is an employee, owner or is otherwise associated with the Developer and may have a conflict of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Note 5: <u>Other Agreements</u>

#### Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

On October 31, 2013, Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1 and Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 ("the Districts") entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement with Lennar Colorado, LLC. ("Lennar"), whereby Lennar has agreed to either construct improvements or to fund the construction of improvements, and the Districts have agreed to either acquire the improvements or to construct the improvements with funding from Lennar. The Districts will make payment to Lennar for the acquisition or the repayment of funds advanced by using either System Development Fees or by using proceeds of bonds issued by the Districts if Lennar agrees. The Districts will reimburse Lennar the advances or the cost of construction plus interest at 6.5%.

If System Development fees are used as repayment the Districts will make monthly payments to Lennar of all System Development Fees collected in the previous month. No payments are due until the improvements constructed by Lennar are accepted by the District pursuant to the Agreement. In the event the Districts are unable to reimburse Lennar in full within 30 years of the date of the Districts' acceptance of the improvements or costs, any amount outstanding shall be deemed discharged and satisfied in full. In no event shall this Agreement be construed as or constitute a "debt" of the Districts in such a manner as would violate the Constitution or other laws of the State of Colorado, but shall in all other events constitute a valid and legally binding obligation of the Districts.

#### Facilities Development Agreement

On October 31, 2013, the Districts entered into a Facilities Development Agreement with Lennar, to outline the process for the implementation and construction of the improvements to be either constructed by Lennar and acquired by the Districts or constructed by the Districts and funded by Lennar.

#### Master IGA

On April 7, 2016, the Districts entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement Concerning District Operations and Outstanding Reimbursement Obligations (the "Master IGA") concerning the manner in which the Districts will coordinate and implement the financing, construction, operation and maintenance of the public improvements within the Development. The Master IGA replaced an agreement dated June 1, 2006, and effective as of December 9, 2009. Pursuant to the Master IGA, and in accordance with the Service Plan, District No. 1 is obligated to own, operate and maintain public improvements authorized by the Service Plan (except for public improvements which have been dedicated to the County or other governmental entities), subject to the District providing moneys sufficient to fund the same. In addition, the District engages District No. 1 as the District administrator.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

#### Note 6: <u>Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations</u>

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

In November 2005 a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution

#### Note 7: <u>Risk Management</u>

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The District has elected to participate in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") which is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

# Note 8: <u>Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

The <u>Governmental Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

1) Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

The <u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund</u> <u>Balances/Statement of Activities</u> includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities; and,
- 2) governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

#### Note 9: <u>Contingency</u>

The District is a named party in an ongoing matter in a claim of construction defects related to construction of a pool and pool deck within the District. As of the date of this report, the outcome of the matter is uncertain and any potential financial impact to the District is undeterminable.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

REVENUES		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	Variance <sup>S</sup> avorable <u>1favorable)</u>
	¢	1 925 220	¢	1 925 220	¢	1 005 001	¢	2
Property taxes	\$	1,825,229	\$	1,825,229	\$	1,825,231	\$	2
Specific ownership taxes		177,047		177,047		157,440		(19,607)
Interest income		3,500		3,500		29,834		26,334
Total Revenues		2,005,776		2,005,776		2,012,505		6,729
EXPENDITURES								
Treasurer's fees		27,378		27,378		27,406		(28)
Trustee/paying agent fees		2,000		5,500		5,500		-
Bond interest expense		1,352,650		1,857,122		1,670,335		186,787
Bond principal		10,000		10,000		10,000		_
Total Expenditures		1,392,028		1,900,000		1,713,241		186,759
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		613,748		105,776		299,264		193,488
FUND BALANCE:								
BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	3,896,487		3,909,898		3,909,898		-
END OF YEAR	\$	4,510,235	\$	4,015,674	\$	4,209,162	\$	193,488

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Variance
	Original & Final	Favorable
	Budget Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES		
System development fees	<u>\$ 164,352</u> <u>\$ 6,921</u>	<u>\$ (157,431)</u>
Total Revenues	164,352 6,921	(157,431)
EXPENDITURES		
Transfer to District No. 1	3,309,123 -	3,309,123
Total Expenditures	3,309,123 -	3,309,123
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,144,771) 6,921	3,151,692
FUND BALANCE:		
BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,257,090 3,240,810	(16,280)
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 112,319</u> <u>\$ 3,247,731</u>	\$ 3,135,412

## SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2020

		Prior							
		ear Assessed Valuation							
Collection		for Current						_	Percent
Year Ended	Ye	ear Property	Mills I			Total Pro	•	•	Collected
December 31,		<u>Tax Levy</u>	<b>General Fund</b>	Debt Service		Levied	-	<u>Collected</u>	to Levied
2007	\$	64,750	10.000	50.000	\$	3,886	\$	3,885	99.97%
2008	\$	86,660	10.000	45.000	\$	4,766	\$	4,767	100.02%
2009	\$	86,650	10.000	45.000	\$	4,766	\$	4,767	100.02%
2010	\$	84,282	10.000	45.000	\$	4,636	\$	4,636	100.00%
2011	\$	77,310	10.000	45.000	\$	4,252	\$	4,252	100.00%
2012	\$	41,320	10.000	45.000	\$	2,273	\$	2,273	100.00%
2013	\$	41,320	10.000	45.000	\$	2,273	\$	2,270	99.87%
2014	\$	34,290	10.000	45.000	\$	1,886	\$	1,886	100.00%
2015	\$	3,612,970	10.000	45.000	\$	198,713	\$	198,721	100.00%
2016	\$	7,365,500	10.000	45.000	\$	405,103	\$	403,534	99.61%
2017	\$	10,794,770	10.000	50.000	\$	647,686	\$	647,688	100.00%
2018	\$	21,708,080	10.685	53.429	\$	1,391,792	\$	1,391,590	99.99%
2019	\$	27,240,360	10.842	54.212	\$	1,772,094	\$	1,766,250	99.67%
2020	\$	33,434,620	10.918	54.591	\$	2,190,268	\$	2,190,271	100.00%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2021	\$	36,703,700	10.918	54.591	\$	2,404,423			
		, , 0			-	,, .==			

#### NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements of valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

# TEN LARGEST OWNERS OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2020 UNAUDITED

<u>Taxpayer Name</u>	2020 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Sierra Ridge Storage LLC & Storage Brothers LLC	\$ 1,450,640	3.95%
Avon Townhouse Trust	66,790	0.18%
Private Homeowner #1	52,280	0.14%
Private Homeowner #2	51,520	0.14%
Private Homeowner #3	51,170	0.14%
Private Homeowner #4	50,900	0.14%
Private Homeowner #5	50,030	0.14%
Private Homeowner #6	50,010	0.15%
Private Homeowner #7	49,940	0.14%
Private Homeowner #8	49,390	0.13%
Total	\$ 1,922,670	5.25%

#### NOTE

Assessed Valuations were obtained from the Douglas County Assessor's Office.

#### ASSESSED VALUATION OF CLASSES OF PROPERTY IN THE DISTRICT December 31, 2020 UNAUDITED

<u>Class</u>	2020 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percent of Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Vacant land	\$ 363,550	0.99%
Residential	34,025,110	92.70%
Commercial	1,476,140	4.02%
State assessed	838,600	2.28%
Natural Resources	300	0.00%
Total	\$ 36,703,700	100.00%

#### NOTE

Percentage is based on a 2019 certified assessed valuation of \$36,703,700

# SELECTED DEBT RATIOS OF THE DISTRICT December 31, 2020 UNAUDITED

	<u>12/31/20</u>	
Amount of Direct Debt	\$	29,990,000
Direct debt	\$	29,990,000
2020 Certified Assessed Valuation	\$	36,703,700
Ratio of Direct Debt to		
2020 Certified Assessed Valuation		82%
2020 Statutory Actual Value	\$	485,116,293
Direct Debt to 2019 Statutory Actual Value		6%